

A marked up version of the above amendments to the specification are attached hereto.

IN THE CLAIMS:

PLEASE SUBSTITUTE THE FOLLOWING CLAIMS 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, AND 20 FOR THE PENDING CLAIMS 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, AND 20:

1. (Twice Amended) Method for the continuous production of hydrolytically broken down starch derivatives that are optionally substituted, by hydrolyzing with a hydrolysis agent in an aqueous medium and subsequent neutralization to stop the hydrolysis, wherein a solution that contains the starch or optionally substituted starch to be hydrolyzed is continuously conveyed through a reactor essentially free of mixing against the force of gravity in the hydrolysis step.

3. (Twice Amended) Method according to ^{the present invention} ~~claim 1~~, wherein a fine hydrolysis is carried out after a main hydrolysis, a roughly hydrolyzed starch solution being fed to a tubular reactor with mixing elements at a preset temperature during said fine hydrolysis.

4. (Twice Amended) Method according to claim 1, wherein tubular reactors are arranged essentially vertically when in operation and product to be hydrolyzed is conveyed from the bottom to the top.

5. (Twice Amended) Method according to claim 1, wherein tubular reactors are tempered at a preset temperature of 25 to 100°C.

6. (Twice Amended) Method according to claim 1, wherein main hydrolysis is carried out in a tubular tempered reactor for up to 60-90%.

7. (Twice Amended) Method according to claim 1, wherein etherified starch, including a starch etherified with at least one of ethylene oxide and propyl oxide, optionally a wax corn starch, is used.

10. (Twice Amended) A method of producing a plasma diluent or dialysis solutions comprising the step of providing hydrolytically broken down starch derivatives that are optionally substituted, by hydrolyzing with a hydrolysis agent in an aqueous medium and subsequent neutralization to stop the hydrolysis, wherein a solution that contains the starch or optionally substituted starch to be hydrolyzed is continuously conveyed through a reactor essentially free of mixing against the force of gravity in the hydrolysis step.

11. (Twice Amended) Device for carrying out the method according to claim 1 including a feeding device for starch solution, a container for a hydrolyzing agent, a mixing and heating station for mixing the starch solution with the hydrolyzing agent and heating the mixture to a preset temperature, and a pump for feeding the mixture into at least one reactor,

whereby the reactor, when in use, is arranged essentially vertically and has an inlet tube at the bottom and an outlet tube at the top and the pump is operated in such a way that it continuously feeds the starch solution to the inlet tube at the bottom at a preset pump rate, so that the starch solution is conveyed through the reactor to the outlet tube against the force of gravity.

12. (Twice Amended) Device according to claim 11, wherein a fine hydrolysis station in the form of at least one reactor unit is connected in tandem after the reactor as a main hydrolysis station, each of said reactor units having mixing elements.

15. (Amended) Method according to claim 2, wherein the tubular reactors are arranged essentially vertically when in operation and product to be hydrolyzed is conveyed from the bottom to the top.